

American Life League's 2019 Planned Parenthood Facilities Report

Judie Brown, President Jim Sedlak, Executive Director

February 2020

American Life League, Inc.
STOPP International Program
P.O. Box 1350
Stafford, VA 22555



2019 Planned Parenthood Facilities Report EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Planned Parenthood Is All-In on Abortion

This 2019 Planned Parenthood Facilities Report shows, once again, that the Planned Parenthood Federation of America is a shrinking organization. However, the report also shows a renewed focus on increasing PP's abortion numbers.

The overall change in the number of Planned Parenthood facilities was minor (10 opened, 13 closed—see Tables 1 and 2), but the increase of its facilities that commit surgical and medical abortions (S/M) was dramatic.

- In 2019, Planned Parenthood added S/M abortions to 18 of its facilities, bringing its total number of S/M abortion facilities to 375 (see Table 3).
 - That is, by far, the highest number in Planned Parenthood history.
 - Planned Parenthood now runs 53 percent of all S/M abortion facilities in the United States.
 - This includes 85 percent of medical only and 36 percent of surgical locations.
- As 2019 came to a close, 64 percent of all PP clinics do surgical and/or medical abortions.
- Planned Parenthood previously reported committing the highest number of abortions in its history in 2018—345,672 (about 40 percent of abortions in the nation). That was before it added 18 more abortion facilities.

Research shows that Wyoming and North Dakota are still the two states where Planned Parenthood does not operate a single medical facility. There are four additional states where Planned Parenthood does not, yet, commit abortions:

- Alabama PP is currently building an abortion facility in Birmingham
- Kentucky Planned Parenthood is near getting an abortion license in Louisville
- Louisiana Planned Parenthood has been trying to open one in New Orleans
- West Virginia

The big news in 2019 is that Planned Parenthood is increasing its number of surgical and medical abortion facilities and gaining a bigger share of the abortion market.

The year 2019 also saw an expansion of Planned Parenthood mega-abortion facilities. There were three such facilities opened this year — the first time since 2011 that more than two mega-clinics opened in a single year (see Table 7).

Discussion

This 2019 Annual Survey of Planned Parenthood facilities helps readers visualize the decline of Planned Parenthood as well as its increase of abortion facilities by providing concrete numbers.

METHODOLOGY: One physical address = one facility

Methods — Researchers collected data from the national website of Planned Parenthood Federation of America, the websites of local Planned Parenthood affiliates, and from individuals and organizations across the country. They then compared this data to data collected by other national groups. Where any discrepancy arose between data sources, phone calls were made to individual Planned Parenthood locations to determine the accurate data.

Facilities count — Researchers encountered a number of locations where Planned Parenthood claimed more than one center at the same physical address. This most frequently happened when Planned Parenthood was separating its abortion business from the rest of its services. In all cases where more than one center was listed at the same physical address, it was counted as one center.

Data collection period — The status of Planned Parenthood facilities is a fluid one. New facilities open, old facilities close, and specific services at facilities change on a regular basis. The data collection efforts were done over a 45-day period ending in December 2019. Hence, this report reflects the situation as of December 31, 2019.

History

One of the important measurements of the influence of Planned Parenthood is the number of facilities it operates across the country. Planned Parenthood has always looked at the number of its facilities as representing the reach of the organization. In 1993, right after Bill Clinton was elected president of the United States, Planned Parenthood had 922 facilities and publicly announced a plan to have 2,000 facilities by the year 2000. ALL/STOPP launched a plan in 1993 to try to prevent the opening of the new Planned Parenthood facilities and to close as many of the existing facilities as possible. The plan was successful, as Planned Parenthood has never had more than 938 medical facilities.

In order to continually evaluate how our efforts are doing, ALL does an annual survey of Planned Parenthood facilities across the country to determine the total number of facilities and the number that commit surgical or medical abortions.

We have now completed our 2019 survey. The results show that we continue to have an impact on Planned Parenthood and that PP is focusing on increasing its abortion business.

Detailed Results of the 2019 Survey of Planned Parenthood Locations

- As of December 31, 2019, Planned Parenthood has 587 facilities
 - PP facilities closed in 2019: 13
 - PP facilities opened in 2019: 10
- PP has 375 facilities that commit surgical or medical abortions
 - 166 do surgical and medical abortions
 - 209 do medical abortions but not surgical
 - Surgical and/or medical abortions are committed at 64 percent of PP's facilities
- All 587 Planned Parenthood facilities distribute abortifacient drugs and devices.
- Planned Parenthood operates 52.7 percent of all surgical and medical abortion facilities in the United States.
- Two states—North Dakota and Wyoming—have zero Planned Parenthood medical facilities.
- The nine states with the largest number of Planned Parenthood facilities are: California (106), New York (57), Washington (33), Texas (31), Wisconsin (24), Pennsylvania (24), Ohio (22), New Jersey (22), and Florida (20). These nine states account for 58 percent of all Planned Parenthood facilities in the United States.

Babies Saved

Although we clearly know from experience that babies will be saved when Planned Parenthood leaves town, it is difficult to put an actual number on how many babies will be saved. There are a large number of variables, including whether or not the closed facility was a surgical and/or medical abortion facility doing hundreds of abortions each month or if it was a referral site sending girls to a PP center miles away to destroy the baby?

Since 1995, Planned Parenthood has gone from 938 facilities to 587. Using a formula developed by STOPP over 10 years ago, we estimate that **52,299 babies will be saved each year because these 351 PP centers are no longer around**. Put another way, if these centers had not closed, Planned Parenthood would have reported committing 398,000 abortions in its 2018-2019 Annual Report.

Conclusion

In the history of Planned Parenthood, the organization has gone through periods where its emphasis has changed. This has produced some dramatic results since the *Roe v. Wade* decision in 1973.

In the five years immediately following *Roe*, Planned Parenthood increased its abortion business to 70,000 annually, and by 1978 was doing about five percent of all the abortions in the nation. Faye Wattleton took over as president in '78, and under her leadership, abortions grew at a slow rate, rising to 130,000 abortions in 1992, which was about 8.5 percent of all abortions in the country.

In 1993, Planned Parenthood tried to get a health professional to run the organization, abortion was downplayed, and Pamela Maraldo lasted only two years. She was replaced by Gloria Feldt, the most

radically pro-abortion president in PP's history. By the time Feldt left, Planned Parenthood was doing almost 300,000 abortions a year and had captured 22 percent of the United States' abortion market.

Then came Cecile Richards in 2006. Richards was a political organizer, not an abortion enthusiast. In her 12-year tenure as president, Planned Parenthood's political power rose dramatically. But, while the abortion numbers rose initially (probably a holdover from the Feldt time) they then leveled off. Although Planned Parenthood's share of the abortion market rose to 35 percent, it was more a factor of the decline in the number of yearly abortions in the country—as the number at Planned Parenthood vacillated between 324,000 and 334,000—than any thrust by the organization.

After Richards' departure in early 2018, the board of directors clearly decided it was time to renew the emphasis on abortion. This renewed emphasis saw results immediately. In 2018, the organization's abortion numbers jumped to 345,000—its highest total ever. That was followed, as we document in this report, by the addition of "abortion services" in 2019 to 18 more of the organization's medical facilities and the opening of three more abortion mega-centers.

In the midst of all these numbers, the board hired Dr. Leana Wen and then immediately fired her when it became apparent that she was not going to push abortion in the way the board wanted her to.

We have documented in these annual facilities reports that Planned Parenthood has been closing its medical facilities at a rapid rate—having gone from 938 to 587. Planned Parenthood's annual reports have shown that its customer base is shrinking—dropping from 3.1 million to 2.4 million. Planned Parenthood also reported in January that its donor base shrunk by 400,000 in the last year. Yet, its board seems ready to suffer more losses to be able to commit even more abortions.

Planned Parenthood is a very formidable opponent. With its \$1.6 billion in annual income, matched by its \$1.5 billion in assets, and its effective political machine, it poses a great threat to the preborn children of our nation.

Based on the data reported here, we expect that Planned Parenthood will continue its efforts to expand its abortion business and to flex its political muscle. But, as noted above, there are signs that its current focus is not being received with enthusiasm by the general public.

Tables and Graphs

Table 1 — Facilities Closed in 2019

(does not include closures that were replaced by new facilities in same community)

AR	Fayetteville	MI	Muskegon
FL	Miami*	MI	Saginaw
IL	Belleville	ОН	Cincinnati
IN	Seymour	ОН	Cincinnati
MA	Fitchburg	TX	$Austin^\star$
МІ	Benton Harbor	TX	Lewisville*
МІ	Burton		

^{*} According to Planned Parenthood's website, the facilities in Miami, Austin, and Lewisville were "closed until further notice" at times during 2019. At year's end, they remained closed and are included in the count of this year's closures.

Table 2 — New Facilities Opened in 2019

(does not include new that replaced old in same community)

CA	Compton	4402 East Compton Boulevard, Suite #104 does medical abortions
CA	Corona	2079 Compton Avenue, Suite #104
IL	Fairview Heights	317 Salem Place does surgical and medical abortions
IN	Fort Wayne	2930 Lake Avenue
МІ	Detroit	1726 Howard Street
МІ	Livonia*	15707 Farmington Road
TX	Austin	2911 Medical Arts
WI	Blair*	223 South Main Street
WI	La Crosse*	1201 Caledonia Street
WI	Sparta*	919 Hoeschler Drive Suite 100

^{*} SPECIAL NOTES ON PLANNED PARENTHOOD OPENINGS

- Planned Parenthood's facility in Livonia, MI, closed in 2018 and reopened in 2019.
- Planned Parenthood of Wisconsin took over three birth control facilities formerly run by Essential Health Clinic in western Wisconsin.

Table 3 - United States Surgical and Medical Abortion Facilities 2019

	All in US*	Planned Parenthood**	<u>% PP</u>
Surgical Abortion Facilities	465	166	35.69%
Medical (Only) Abortion Facilities	247	209	84.62%
Total Abortion Facilities	712	375	52.67%

^{*} Data from Operation Rescue (abortiondocs.org) accessed 12/31/2019

Table 4 - Planned Parenthood Surgical vs. Medical Abortion Facilities

YEAR	SURGICAL ABORTION FACILITIES (all do medical also)	MEDICAL ABORTION FACILITIES (no surgical abortions)	TOTAL
2005	172	57	229
2006	172	60	232
2007	179	108	287
2008	174	121	295
2009	173	131	304
2010	165	156	321
2011	170	152	322
2012	176	159	335
2013	176	166	342
2014	173	164	337
2015	167	189	356
2016	164	194	358
2017	166	190	356
2018	159	198	357
2019	166	209	375

^{**} Data from ALL's STOPP International (stopp.org)

Table 5 — Planned Parenthood Decline in Facilities and Customers

YEAR	# FACILITIES	# UNDUPLICATED CUSTOMERS
2006	859	3,140,540
2007	855	3,020,651
2008	844	3,000,000
2009	817	2,990,000
2010	785	2,999,999
2011	749	2,850,000
2012	730	2,840,000
2013	695	2,680,000
2014	668	2,500,000
2015	645	2,400,000
2016	626	2,400,000
2017	597	2,400,000
2018	590	2,400,000

Table 6 — Number of Abortions Committed by Planned Parenthood

YEAR	MEDICAL AND SURGICAL ABORTIONS
2008	324,008
2009	331,796
2010	329,445
2011	333,964
2012	327,166
2013	327,653
2014	323,999
2015	328,348
2016	321,384
2017	332,757
2018	345,672

 ${\bf Table~7-Planned~Parenthood~Mega\text{-}Abortion~Centers}$

LOCATION	SIZE	YEAR OPENED
Austin, TX	10,500 sq ft	2004
Aurora, IL	22,000 sq ft	2007
Schenectady, NY	18,000 sq ft	2007
Denver, CO	52,000 sq ft	2008
Sarasota, FL	23,000 sq ft	2009
Santa Ana, CA	14,000 sq ft	2009
Kalamazoo, MI	12,000 sq ft	2009
Fayetteville, NC	11,000 sq ft	2009
Portland, OR	42,000 sq ft	2010
Houston, TX	78,000 sq ft	2010
Virginia Beach, VA	13,000 sq ft	2010
Memphis, TN	30,000 sq ft	2010
Albany, NY	18,000 sq ft	2010
Colorado Springs, CO	11,500 sq ft	2010
Worcester, MA	11,000 sq ft	2011
St. Paul, MN	46,000 sq ft	2011
Omaha, NE	27,200 sq ft	2011
Lincoln, NE	18,000 sq ft	2012
Springfield, OR	19,000 sq ft	2012
Fort Worth, TX	19,000 sq ft	2013
Dallas, TX	17,000 sq ft	2014
San Antonio, TX	22,000 sq ft	2015
Long Island City, NY	14,400 sq ft	2015
Washington, DC	24,600 sq ft	2016
Providence, RI	12,000 sq ft	2017
Flossmoor, IL	11,470 sq ft	2018
Honolulu, HI	29,000 sq ft	2019
Charlotte, NC	10,620 sq ft	2019
Fairview Heights, IL	18,000 sq ft	2019

Table 8- Number of Planned Parenthood Facilities by State in 2019

STATE	# FACILITIES
AK	4
AL	2
AR	1
AZ	7
CA	106
CO	18
СТ	16
DC	1
DE	3
FL	20
GA	4
HI	2
IA	8
ID	3
IL	18
IN	16
KS	2
KY	2
LA	2
MA	4
MD	9
ME	4
МІ	16
MN	18
МО	11
MS	1
MT	5

STATE	# FACILITIES
NC	9
ND	0
NE	2
NH	5
NJ	22
NM	4
NV	3
NY	57
ОН	22
OK	3
OR	11
PA	24
RI	1
SC	2
SD	1
TN	4
TX	31
UT	8
VA	5
VT	12
WA	33
WI	24
WV	1
WY	0

Graph 1- Decline of Planned Parenthood Medical Facilities

